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## TO SALLIE.

BY ROSINE.

The sunshine is bright'ning the meadow  
and lo, and it's loveliness wakens sweet memories  
of thee, For thy smile is as bright, and thy face  
is as fair, As this glad summer day, and my warm  
earnest prayer, Is that the calm light, that illumines thy  
brow, May ever be radiant and trusting as now.  
Thy footsteps, as yet, have pressed naught  
but flowers; No songs but of gladness, have filled thy  
glad hours; No friends have proved false, no hopes  
have been blighted; No love that thou givest, has ever been  
alight; Oh, wouldst thou cast o'er thy future a  
spell, And forbid it to change one whom I love  
so well.

But they'll come, the dark days, when  
tear-drops will fall, They will come, for, alas, they come to  
us all; But, darling, to meet them, a talisman  
keep, That will turn to a smile every tear that  
you weep. When the banner of love and hope is  
unrolled, The darkest life cloud shows an edging  
of gold.

God bless thee, sweet child, as mine own  
thou art dear, Believe that the words, I am now writing  
here, Are true as thy own gentle self, and when  
these close, This like's fleeting day, with its sunshine  
and roses, May a crown from the heart of our Father  
above, Be placed on thy brow in the bright world  
above.

## A Thrilling Story.

### THE FATAL CARD.

A Tragic Story of Early Times on the Mississippi.

Some years ago the Mississippi river was famous for its floating palaces, as the large steamers playing between New Orleans and the ports above were called. Now the railroads have driven nearly all the fine boats off the river, and left the field to the freight boats, whose accommodation for passengers was by no means palatial. The former class of steamers were in many respects delightful, but they never ceased to be objects of dread to timid people, for if the racing, which on that stream was reduced to a system, did not result in the loss of the boat, there was sure to be one or more encounters between the more lawless portions of the travelers, in which pistol bullets would fly rather too thick for the comfort of steady going people. The cause for such disturbances was generally a quarrel over the gambling table. The regulations of the boats usually required that all such amusements should be conducted in a saloon provided for that purpose in the officer's cabin, situated on the hurricane deck, but the sporting gentlemen were by no means careful to observe this rule, and the gaming was mostly carried on at the dining table, in the main saloon on the steamer, to the annoyance of two-thirds on board. Many professional gamblers used to make these boats their home, traveling back and forth with them, fleeing all who were foolish and verdant enough to fall into their hands. So well, indeed, was the system managed, that the various members seemed to have their different steamers marked out for them by common consent, so that no one would trespass upon the domain of the other. Of course these men were warm friends of the officers of the boats, who were either too sincere in their friendship to put a stop to the practice, or too much afraid of the gamblers to care to provoke a quarrel with them, for in those days it was a common affair for such men to resent any fancied insult with a pistol shot. One of the most remarkable men of this class was named Daniel Sturdivant, a Frenchman, the son of a broken down scion of nobility, who had settled in New Orleans before the transfer of Louisiana to the United States. Sturdivant had been raised a "gentleman" by his aristocratic father, but on becoming of age, and finding his fortunes very bad, had taken to cards as a means to better them. His success in this field was so great that he was induced to continue it, until at the time of which I write, he was one of the most notorious gamblers between St. Louis and New Orleans. He was a man of fine personal appearance, and of great physical strength, and was also noted for his personal courage; and as a gambler he was most expert and successful. There were dark stories of the deeds which he had com-

mitted while under the influence of play and liquor, and it was said by some that he had killed half a dozen men in his lifetime. No one dared to speak of these stories openly, for no one cared to bring upon himself the anger of such a man. There were few who knew him that really cared to play against him, but they learned that a refusal to do so might involve them in a quarrel with him, and rarely declined an invitation. About twenty years ago, the time of which I write, he had attached himself to one of the magnificent steamers playing between New Orleans and Vicksburg, and had publicly announced his determination to shoot any man who encroached upon his scene of operation. Of course this left him undisputed possession of the field, and he reaped a golden harvest during the brief nine years he conducted his operations there.

It was my lot at that time to be compelled to make frequent trips between New Orleans and Vicksburg, and I preferred the steamer of which Sturdivant had taken possession, inasmuch as it was not only the most comfortable, but also the swiftest, and time was of the utmost importance to me. It was known that at times I carried large sums of money, and I was always apprehensive lest Sturdivant should ask me to play. I had made up my mind to refuse him, and if he attempted to draw me into a quarrel, to shoot him without mercy, as I knew the only chance of my life lay in getting the advantage of him. Strange to say, he did not make any such proposition to me, and I gave him no chance to do so. One night we had started out from Vicksburg, and were heading merrily down the river, when Sturdivant came to the group which had gathered around the stove. He had been drinking, and was smoking a fine cigar as he approached. All made way for him. "Well, gentlemen," he said in an unsteady tone, "you seem to be terribly dull, who wants to play for twenty dollars ante?" There was no reply; all present seemed to know the man, and no one volunteered to place himself in his clutches. "Umph!" he exclaimed with an expression of contempt, "afraid to try your luck with Daniel Sturdivant, eh? Or maybe you want a little coaxing; some of you must play with me; I can't stand such treatment. Come, let's see who it shall be." He glanced around the crowd as if to select his victim, and for the first time I noticed the gaze of one of the group fixed steadily upon him. He was a stranger to me and was dressed in plain home spun, and his face was partially concealed by a broad brimmed sombrero which was drawn over it. He was a small but powerfully made man, and in the decided expression of his well shaped head I read an unusual firmness and intensity of purpose.

"Are you Daniel Sturdivant, the gambler?" he asked in a calm tone, without rising. Sturdivant flushed darkly and gave the stranger a dark glance. "Some persons call me so behind my back," he said insolently, but no one would care to apply that term to me before my face." "Nevertheless," said the stranger I want an answer—yes or no." "Well, then, I am," said the gambler, angrily; "what of it?" "Simply this," said the stranger, "I have heard it said that you claim to be the best card player in the Southwest, and I have come two hundred miles to prove you a liar." Sturdivant strode forward a step or two, and thrust his hand into his breast as if to grasp a weapon. "Stop," said the stranger; "If you shoot me you will simply prove yourself afraid of me. Take your seat at the table and I will make my words good."

There was something in the calm, stern manner of the stranger that seemed to render the gambler powerless. He hesitated a moment, and then said bullyingly, "I never play with a man whose face I cannot see." "Never mind my face," said the stranger, "if you are not afraid of losing, you shall see it when I am done with you."

But how do I know that you have money for such sport?" persisted Sturdivant; you look seedy enough, my fine fellow."

"There," said the stranger, "I have ten thousand dollars there; if you can win it you shall do so."

With an oath Sturdivant placed himself at the table and bade his challenger do likewise. Those of us who had list-

ened to this singular dialogue, now gathered around the table, expecting to see a scene of more than usual interest. The stranger had not raised his hat brim, and none of us had seen his face; but we all felt from his general air and manner that Daniel Sturdivant had at last met his match. It did not take long to show us that the stranger was an unusually good player, and for an hour or more the playing went on in silence. The stakes were high, and the contest was marked with rare skill. Sturdivant exerted himself as he had never before, but in spite of all his efforts he lost heavily, and by the expiration of the time mentioned he had lost about two thousand dollars. I noticed the flush upon his cheek deepened, a strange light came into his eyes, and at last with an exclamation of triumph he drew towards him the heap of notes. "That was well done said the stranger; "you are an expert at cheating, but go on, I can beat you, whether you play openly or dishonestly."

Sturdivant said nothing, but dealt the cards again. The hand was played and Sturdivant was about to seize the stakes again, when the stranger laid down a card and checked him.

The gambler uttered a sharp cry and sat motionless with his eyes fixed on the card, a worn and faded ace of hearts, with a dark stain across the face. Sturdivant's face worked convulsively, as he gazed at it, and the spectators gathered more closely around the two, wondering at the strange scene.

"In God's name who are you," asked Sturdivant, with his eyes still fixed on the card.

"Look at me," said the stranger, quietly, and as if powerless to resist, Sturdivant raised his eyes to the speaker. The stranger had raised his hat and sat looking at the trembling man with eyes that fairly blazed with fury. Sturdivant uttered a groan and sank back in his chair with his face white and rigid. The stranger with one sweep gathered the money from the table, and thrust it into his bosom.

"The ace of hearts is an unlucky card for you, Daniel Sturdivant," he said coolly. "You played it once when you thought it to your advantage. Now, God help you, for that play is ended."

As he spoke he raised a pistol which he had not seen, and before we could stop him aimed it deliberately at the trembling man and fired. The gambler fell heavily forward upon the table corpse; and the bright blood streamed over it, hiding the fatal card from sight.

"Gentlemen," said the stranger, rising to his feet as we stood paralyzed with horror at the dreadful scene, "that man ruined my wife and tried to murder me. I have been hunting him ten years. He walked slowly by us down the stairway to the lower deck, and just then the steamer touched at a landing, he sprang ashore and vanished in the dark woods."

I never learned the history of the mysterious affair, for the dead gambler was beyond questioning, and I never saw the stranger again; but I shall not forget the impression made upon me at that time.

## A Ten Million Dollar Lump.

A correspondent, writing from California, says that the Centennial fever runs high. "Every body is talking about it, and nearly every man you meet is saving up his dimes for the trip. We are going to show you what can be done in the way of an exhibition of our metallic product. Arrangements are being made to produce during the month of May \$1,000,000 of bullion and to exhibit it in one grand pile. It can be done easily and parties managing the Consolidated Virginia and California Mines say they will turn out the entire amount from these two mines, completely throwing into the shade the product of the far-famed Potosi Mines of the olden times. Ten millions of dollars in bars piled up will be a sight for the multitude who have not seen anything but paper money for the past dozen years. Everybody will have the California fever anew, and, by the same token, it is not a bad country that can produce the 'loikes,' dug out of the bowels of the earth in thirty days. Unfortunately, it don't do some of us much good, as the distribution is not general. A few lucky fellows get the lion's share,

## Good Templar's Convention.

The Ohio county Convention I. O. G. T. met with Newton Lodge No. 410, Feb 11th and 12th, at 10 o'clock, and was called to order by the President, Benjamin Newton. After opening ceremonies, the following appointments were made: Mrs. Josie Field, W. V. P.; A. S. Higgs, Sec'y; Sam Richeson, W. Chap; Edward Field, W. G.; Joseph Turner, W. M. Committee on Credentials: Bros. Wm. Edmonson, S. J. Richeson and Miss Fannie Newton. On Arrangements: B. B. Burton, J. Beck, Mrs. Josie Field and Miss Fannie Newton. On State of the Order: A. S. Higgs, Henry Griffin and H. Jarvis. Committee on Credentials made a partial report as follows: Representing Newton Lodge No. 410, B. B. Burton, S. J. Richeson, Jas. Fairfax, Henry Field; Mr. Pleasant Lodge No. 886, W. Edmonson, H. H. Jarvis, J. F. Beck; Hartford Lodge No. 12, Henry Griffin, L. Barrett, Ellis Thomas. Committee on Credentials, by motion, were continued. Election of officers for next term in order, when the following nominations were made: For President, L. Barrett, B. Newton, William Edmonson, which resulted in choice of Bro. Ben. Newton. Nominations for W. V. P.—Sister Josie Field, Sister Fannie Newton; after a close vote, a tie; on second ballot, Bro. Barrett motioned that the President cast the vote, which resulted in favor of Sister Josie Field. Miss Fannie Newton elected W. Sec'y. Motion and seconded that the officers be installed publicly, carried. Motion to adjourn at 5 o'clock p. m. and re-assemble at 6 1/2 p. m., adopted. At night, quite a crowd met in order to witness the installation.

Bro. Bain was to have addressed the people, but high waters and sickness prevented his being with us on that occasion, which we regret very much. Officers installed as follows: A. S. Higgs, W. C. T.; Miss Fannie Richeson, W. R. H. S.; Miss Mollie Chinn, W. L. H. S.; Miss Fannie Newton, W. V. T.; Ben. Newton, W. R. Sec'y; B. B. Burton, W. F. Sec'y; S. J. Richeson, P. W. C. T.; J. D. Holbrook, W. Chap; Miss Bettie Richeson, W. T.; Henry Field, W. G.; Ed Field, W. Sent.

Speeches were delivered by Dr. Clements, of Sparta Lodge, Owensboro, and L. D. Cooper, of Newton Lodge. The gentlemen did justice to the cause, and acquitted themselves with honor. By motion we went into an election of a special Deputy, whose duty shall be to organize new Lodges and revive old ones; adopted. John P. Barrett, Ben. Newton, A. S. Higgs and S. W. Ball were put in nomination. After first ballot, Newton and Roll were dropped, and Barrett and Higgs continued. Which resulted in the election of A. S. Higgs, whose duty shall be to work within the bounds of the Ohio County Convention.

Committee on the State of the Order made a very flattering report from the Lodges, which should certainly stimulate us to work more faithful in the cause of Temperance, as we find a net gain in three Lodges of sixty members within the past three months. Brother Clements, of Sparta Lodge, and Bro. Hunter, of Silas Newton Lodge (Davies county), were invited by a rising vote to participate with us. After which, Dr. Clements was called for, and responded in a pointed and concise way, and held spell-bound the entire audience for forty minutes. After the speech we took up a collection—not of money, but names, and we had the pleasure of initiating eleven into the mysteries of our noble order.

Convention adjourned, to meet with Mt. Pleasant Lodge No. 887, some time in May. BEN. NEWTON, Pres. A. S. HIGGS, Sec'y. Buford, Ky., Feb. 13th, 1876.

## How he Borrowed a Hundred Dollars.

A applied to B for a loan of \$100. B replied: "My dear A, nothing would please me better than to oblige you, and I will do it. I haven't \$100 by me, but make a note and I'll endorse it, and you can get the money from the bank." Grateful A proceeded at once to write the note. "Stay," said B, "make it \$200—I want \$100 myself." A did so. B endorsed the paper, the bank discounted it, and the money was divided. When the note was due, B was in California, and A had to meet the payment. What he is unable to cipher out is—whether he borrowed \$100 of B, or B borrowed \$100 of him.—Lowell Courier.

## The Young Lawyer.

The tie which bound a certain Detroit to a lawyer's office was severed yesterday, and his parents were happy. They wanted the boy to make a great lawyer, but he was getting along too fast. He pursued his study with an ardor which cast a judicial shadow over the household and created considerable neighborhood talk. He got trusted for candy and repudiated the bill on the ground that he was a minor. He bought a dog and went into bankruptcy. He borrowed a pair of skates and defied the owner to get out a writ of replevin. He borrowed fifty cents and then made the lender the assignee.

But the worst of it was in the family. He had a legal name for almost every thing, and his desire was to prove to his parents that he was just absorbing dead-loads of law. If he wanted a potato at the dinner table he would remark:

"Father, file my claim against that baked potato and I'll prove the indebtedness this afternoon."

If he wanted bread he said: "Mother, get out a writ of attachment for a piece of bread."

It was expected of him that he would build the morning fires, but no sooner had he gained an insight into law than he said to his father:

"I'm going to move for a change of venue unless some other arrangement is made."

He moved for a stay of proceedings when asked to go to the grocery, and if chided for being out at nights replied:

"File your declaration and give me a chance for a jury trial."

When he was in a good humor he would sit and regale his mother with stories about how Old Chancery was going up town one night and met Old Equity and asked him how Deere was getting along. Old Pleadings and Exceptions came along just then, and there was a big fight, and the young lawyer would slap his leg and add:

"If indictment had only been there he'd have whaled the whole crowd!"

The other day the long-suffering father severed the tie. He was trying to bear up, hoping to reform, but as he sat down to the tea-table his son brightened up and remarked:

"The defendant will now take the stand and be sworn. Now, sir, did you or did you not come out of a Griswold street saloon at 11 o'clock this morning, wiping your mouth with the back of your hand? Tell the jury all about it, sir!"

It was a little too much and the boy doesn't study law any more. He plays with a wood-pile in the back yard.—Detroit Free Press.

## FROM CROMWELL.

### Locked Up.

CROMWELL, Feb. 19, '76. EDITOR HERALD:—Great excitement in our town this morning. It would have done you good to be present. All of a sudden, the air was rent with yells and cries! The doors of business houses were hastily closed, and men ran to and fro under the impression that guerrillas or thieves had made a raid on town. But as soon as we quieted down a little, it was ascertained that the noise came from the direction of our 'lock-up,' which had just been completed the previous day. The people soon gathered around the new building, and, upon examination, to their astonishment, they found our town marshal and three of the town trustees locked up. They made faithful and earnest promises of better conduct in the future, and were released on trial. If they fail to make good their promises, they may get there again. D.

## The 22d of February.

The 22d of February is the brightest and most cherished in our calendar. By law it is a Federal and State holiday in commemoration of the virtues of the illustrious patriot to whom under God, we are chiefly indebted for the republican freedom we enjoy. The name of George Washington is dear, not only to the heart of every American patriot, but is cherished with admiration and respect throughout the civilized world. Although one hundred and forty-four years have elapsed since he came in to the world, and more than three-fourths of a century since he died, the memory of his virtues and his noble deeds is fresh and unimpaired in the hearts of his countrymen. Kentucky attested her recognition of the day by a national salute, to be fired at 12 o'clock, by order of its General Assembly.—Frankfort Freeman.

## BONNY NOOK—CECILIAN, KY.

HARTFORD.

"How dear to this heart are the scenes of my childhood!" There are nights when sleep flees from my eyes, rest from my brain, and thoughts come hurrying, thronging, freighted with the richness—the balm of other days, laden with an appreciation for the hope of my childhood.—The home that was a paradise while I possessed it, but that floated away when love's soft pleadings touched my heart.

Nestled on the bank of a romantic stream, with the steam-car whirl and whistle too distant to disturb its usual quiet, we had but to love and be loved; but to mingle in the social circle and create for ourselves that pleasure and delight which others find only in the more public thoroughfare of life.

Hartford has before now been termed a "Sleepy Hollow," and so it may be in a business point of view, but 'tis not typical of that culture and refinement to which its people are ever wide awake; they seek mental and not material gain, and hospitable to a fault—friend and foe may alike receive due deference.

Of times, were it not for the charms of our present little home—our quiet Bonny Nook, I would flee to the arms of its loved ones and quietly nestle in the old homestead near a lonely grave—a hallowed spot. Often I would ask of time to stay his course and change not my ever happy home. But would he list? Ah! no; he'd chime his silvery bell and chant a doleful psalm in defence of his magical work; already he has garnered some of its fairest, and gathered some of its most noble intellects for eternity—intellects that the world never knew, and that will finally sink to oblivion unconfined and unknelt!—"The Beautiful Lost."

I have friends around me loved, loving, unselfish and kind. Some with the exquisite beauty of face, and some with the beauty of mind. But the vine clings close to its native tree; the flower sends forth the richest perfume for its native clime and heart tendrils are no less tenacious of the hearts of long ago, and each varying current of time but girls mine closer to the dear old friends the friends of dear old Hartford. MYRA.

## What is In the Bed Room.

If two persons are to occupy the same bed-room during the night, says *Science of Health*, let them step on the weighing scales as they retire, and then again in the morning. Frequently there will be a loss of two or more pounds and the average loss throughout the year will be a pound of matter which has gone off from their bodies, partly from the lungs and partly through the pores of the skin. The escaped matter is carbonic acid and decayed animal matter or poisonous exhalation. This is diffused through the air in part, and part absorbed by the bed-clothes. If a single ounce of wool or cotton be burned in a room, it will so completely saturate the air with smoke that one can hardly breathe, though there can hardly be one ounce of foreign matter in the air. If an ounce of cotton be burned every half an hour during the night, the air will be kept continually saturated with smoke, unless there be an open door or window for it to escape. Now, the sixteen ounces of smoke thus formed is far less poisonous than the sixteen ounces of exhalations from the lungs and bodies of two persons who have lost a pound in weight during the eight hours of sleeping; for, while the dry smoke is mainly taken into the lungs, the damp odors are taken into the whole body and into the pores of the lungs. Need more be said to show the importance of having bed-rooms well ventilated, and of thoroughly airing the sheets, coverlets, and mattresses in the morning before packing them them up in the form of a neatly made bed.

If you tell a Louisville man that he lives in a pauper county, he will be surprised, as well as mortified. Yet, Jefferson now appears on the State records as a pauper county; in other words, there is a deficit of more than \$8,000 to complete the payment of the county's expenses. Such has not been the case heretofore, and we hope that the new arrangements for the collection of the county's revenues, will remedy the matter, and place Jefferson in her true light.

# ADVERTISING RATES.

Number of Lines	1 Week	2 Weeks	1 Month	3 Months	6 Months	1 Year
One	1.00	1.50	2.00	3.00	4.50	7.00
Two	1.75	2.50	3.50	5.00	7.50	10.00
Three	2.50	3.50	5.00	7.00	10.00	13.00
Four	3.00	4.50	6.00	8.00	11.00	14.00
Five	3.50	5.00	7.00	9.00	12.00	15.00
Six	4.00	5.50	7.50	10.00	13.00	16.00
Seven	4.50	6.00	8.00	11.00	14.00	17.00
Eight	5.00	6.50	8.50	12.00	15.00	18.00
Nine	5.50	7.00	9.00	13.00	16.00	19.00
Ten	6.00	7.50	9.50	14.00	17.00	20.00

For shorter time, at proportionate rates. One inch of space constitutes a square.

## FROM LINCOLN, ILLINOIS.

[Correspondence of the Herald.]

In looking over your columns a month or so ago, I noticed a statement taken from the assessor's book of your county, giving the amount of property both real and personal, and amount of tax to be paid thereon. I disremember the amount of property or the amount of tax—only recollect some surprise at the enormous amount and as to how it was to be paid. Some will grumble anyhow, be the tax great or small, and for the benefit of such, I herewith send you a statement taken from the assessor's books of this county, which I think will make your people think they get off very cheap, or that we pay too much for the privilege of being poorly governed. The area of this county is only two-thirds of that of yours, but we have no Bendick or Jerusalem hills, nor Rough creek or Muddy flats to plant out, all is susceptible of cultivation in some thing, and will admit of a dense population. You will see we pay \$239,139.07; then the railroads pay in addition over \$16,000. Our revenue tax is the same as yours and your school tax added together (45 cents on the one hundred dollars), but when we come to school tax and county expenses, stand from under. The productiveness of our soil and the get-up of the people, account for the easy and prompt discharge of this enormous annual obligation.

Multiply the real estate valuation by two, and the personal by three, and you will be nearer the cash value of each.

## STATEMENT OF VALUATION AND TAXES FOR LOGAN COUNTY, ILLINOIS.

Valuation of lands.....	\$3,400,459
" " town lots.....	1,251,075
" " personal property.....	2,930,710
State tax on above property.....	\$37,746.83
County tax on above property.....	25,164.57
Town tax on above property.....	2,777.53
Dis. school tax on above property.....	63,428.77
Dis. road on above property.....	5,418.06
Bonds & Bridges on above.....	24,467.56
County bond sinking fund.....	12,581.65
County bond interest tax.....	16,356.96
Town bond interest tax.....	13,912.07
City corporation tax.....	37,290.07

Total tax, not including taxes paid by railroads.....\$239,139.07  
LARKIN NARR.

## Influence Of Women.

It is better for you to pass an evening once or twice a week in a lady's drawingroom, even though the conversation is rather slow, and you know the girl's songs by heart, than in a club, tavern, or theatre. All amusements of youth, to which virtuous women are not admitted, rely on it, are deleterious in their nature. All men who avoid female society, have dull perceptions and are stupid, or have gross tastes and revolt against what is pure. Your club swaggers, who are sucking the darts of billiard cues all night, call female society insipid. Poetry is insipid to a yodel; beauty has no charms for a blind man; music does not please an unfortunate brute who does not know one tune from another; and as a true epicure is hardly ever tired of watersnatch and brown bread and butter. I protest I can sit for a whole night talking to a well regulated, kindly woman, about her girl coming out, or her boy at Eton, and like the evening's entertainment. One of the great benefits a man may derive from woman's society is, that he is bound to be respectful to them. The habit is of great good to your moral man, depend upon it.

Our education makes us the most eminently selfish men in the world. We fight for ourselves, we push for ourselves, we out the best sides out of the joint at the club dinner for ourselves, and light our pipes and say we don't go out, we prefer ourselves and our ease; and the greatest good that comes to a man from woman's society is, that he has to think of somebody besides himself, somebody to whom he is bound to be constantly attentive and respectful.—Thorkey.

At the breakfast table, the other morning, a Detroit landlady gave Mr. Jones a severe look and said: "Mr. Jones, I understand you have been circulating injurious reports about my house." "How madam?" "I understand that you said you had used better butter than I have here, to grease wagons with." "I did say so madam, but not to injure your house. I have used better butter, madam to grease wagons, but I wouldn't do it again.—I'd sell it to you!" She accepted the apology.—Detroit Free Press.



# THE HERALD.

HARTFORD & SON, Publishers.

JOHN P. HARTFORD, Editor.

HARTFORD, CONN. COUNTY, CT.

WEDNESDAY, MARCH 1, 1876.

The Greenback people are to have a National Convention at Indianapolis on the 17th of May, 1876.

LOUISIANA—IMPEACHMENT OF GOV. KELLOGG.

A committee has been appointed by the Legislature of Louisiana to investigate Gov. Kellogg's conduct, and, if good grounds are found, he is to be impeached.

MISSISSIPPI—GOV. AMES IMPEACHED.

On the 25th February, 1876, the Legislature of Mississippi adopted the report of the committee recommending Gov. Ames' impeachment by a vote of 88 to 14.

"One by one the roses fall."

TEXAS DEMOCRATIC.

The returns from Texas show that the Democrats carried the day on the 15th ultimo, electing their whole ticket by a majority ranging from 30,000 to 50,000. The new constitution was adopted by a majority of about 26,000.

CONNECTICUT.

The Democratic State Convention was held in New Haven on 22nd ultimo. The old ticket was renominated. They denounce the specie resumption act and declare in favor of a side and independent return to specie payment.

STATE CONVENTION.

The Democratic Executive Committee of the State of Kentucky have called a convention to meet in Louisville on 25th of May, 1876, to nominate a presidential electoral ticket and appoint delegates to the National Convention. See the call elsewhere in these columns.

BARCOCK ACQUITTED.

The jury in the Barcock case returned a verdict after a few hours deliberation, acquitting the defendant. The ruling of the court threw out all the strongest proof against him, and there is more surprise manifested at the ruling of the court than at the acquittal.

LEGISLATURE EXTENDED.

The session of our Legislature has been extended to the 20th of March. If our Legislators will put in these extra 20 days in good hard work in the interests of the people it will not be amiss, but if they fool it away like they have a good part of the sixty days past, the people will censure them severely for the extension.

WISCONSIN.

The Republicans of Wisconsin met in Madison on the 22d ult., and among other resolutions passed one recommending the Hon. J. G. Blaine for President. They declared opposition to third-term in favor of hard money, as soon as consistent, and that the currency of the nation should be held as a legal tender until a resumption of specie payment.

NATIONAL DEMOCRATIC CONVENTION.

The Democratic National Executive Committee met in Washington, D. C., on the 22d February and selected St. Louis as the place, and 27th day of June as the time for holding the National Democratic Convention to nominate candidates for President and Vice President. We regret that Louisville was not selected as the place for meeting, but still it may be for the best.

INDIANA.

The Republican Convention of the State of Indiana met at Indianapolis on the 22nd ultimo, and nominated a State ticket as follows:

Governor, Hon. Goodlove S. Orth; Lieut. Governor, Col. R. S. Robinson; Judge of the Supreme Court, First District, Hon. Wm. P. Edson; Second District, Archibald C. Voss; Third District, Hon. Horatio E. Newcomb; Secretary of State, J. P. Watts; Auditor of State, Wm. Hess; Treasurer of State, Geo. F. Herriot; Attorney General, W. Gordon; Clerk and Reporter of the Supreme Court, Charles D. Scholl; Superintendent of Public Instruction, Prof. O. H. Smith. They declared in favor of a repeal of the resumption act, so far as it fixes a special time to resume specie payment. They declare that the administration of President Grant is entitled to their fullest confidence and approbation, and regard him as a man of unspotted honor. They recommend Hon. O. P. Morton for President. The platform adopted is very lengthy.

The strongest kind of a hint. A lady asking a gentleman if one of her rings will go on one of his fingers.

# THE KENTUCKY DEMOCRAT.

Call for a State Convention to Nominate an Electoral Ticket and Appoint Delegates to the St. Louis Convention.

At a meeting of the Democratic State Executive and Central Committee this day, held at the office of Isaac Caldwell, in the city of Louisville, a convention of the Democratic party of Kentucky was called to meet in the city of Louisville on the 25th day of May, 1876, at 12 o'clock, m., for the purpose of nominating a Democratic electoral ticket for Kentucky in the Presidential election of 1876, and for the purpose of appointing delegates to the United States Democratic convention to be held at St. Louis on the 27th day of June, 1876, and to take other action for the organization and general good of the party. By resolution adopted at said meeting, the county committees for the several counties in the State are respectfully requested to give due notice and take proper steps to hold primary meetings of the Democratic voters of their counties for the purpose of appointing delegates to said convention. In order to insure a full representation of the party, the several counties are requested to send one delegate for every one hundred votes, and one for every fraction over fifty cast for James B. McCreary for Governor, at the last gubernatorial election; and the said primary meetings are also requested to name suitable persons for county committeemen in their respective counties, and cause them to be reported to said convention, or to authorize their delegates to said convention to name such county committee.

The Democratic papers of Kentucky are respectfully requested to publish this call. ISAAC CALDWELL, CHM.

FROM FRANKFORT.

FRANKFORT, Feb. 24, 1876.

Mr. Editor:—The State Legislature, is still working vigorously, or at least putting in the time holding both day and night sessions. The *Courier-Journal* is not a little exercised over the tardiness of this General Assembly, and its very sensitive Frankfort correspondent sees but little to commend and a great deal to censure. Whether this Assembly is doing its duty or not, I shall not attempt to say; but, without saying anything to the prejudice of any member or class of members, allow each one to account to his own constituents for his conduct and work. A great many bills of a local character have been passed, not necessary to mention in this connection. The bill providing for the establishment of an Agricultural and Statistical Bureau was lost in the House. The bill for a State Board of Health was defeated in the Senate. An act has passed both Houses providing for the changing of the election of magistrates and constables from May to the first Monday in August. A bill has passed both Houses establishing a Criminal Court in the Fifth Judicial District, to which Ohio county belongs. A bill has passed both Houses incorporating purchasers of Railroads. A bill has passed the House which provides for taxing all surplus funds in banks. A bill has passed the House fixing the pay of Common School Commissioners at fifty dollars, and one per cent of money dispensed annually, and relieving them of the duty of visiting each district school and receiving pay for the same. The Senate has passed an interest bill, fixing the rate at 8 per cent, and the House has passed a bill making 6 per cent the highest legal rate. Some doubt about the Senate concurring with the House bill. Both Houses passed a resolution this morning providing for the extension of the session not exceeding twenty days.

There are yet several important measures of a general interest to come before this Legislature. The bill which passed the House authorizing the keeper of the Penitentiary to hire convicts out on public works will be defeated in the Senate; and, if so, something must be done to relieve the overburdened Penitentiary, which now has over 900 convicts within its narrow walls. There is also the Code of Practice, the Charitable Institutions bill, and the General Appropriation bill which have never come before either house yet, besides the Interest bill, the Reduction of Salaries, the Reduction of the Revenue Tax, and probably some others which have not been finally disposed of. In addition to this, each member has a number of local bills which his constituents are asking passed. These things I think can be gone through with in a reasonable time.

A difficulty took place yesterday near the steps, in front of the State House, between Attorney General John Rodman and Mr. Henry I. Todd, former keeper of the Penitentiary, in which General Rodman fired a pistol, which shot would have probably proved fatal to Mr. Todd but for the ball striking a knife and glancing off. Both gentlemen were arrested and placed under bond to keep the peace in the sums of \$10,000 and \$5,000. The difficulty grew out of a publication in the *Louisville Gazette* by Mr. Todd, in which he made charges against Gen. Rodman, who, as Attorney General, had presented a suit against him as keeper of the Penitentiary.

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OUR WASHINGTON LETTER.

THE "SITUATION."

The Enemy Already in the Field

WASHINGTON, Feb. 24, 1876.

In New Hampshire, on the 14th of March, and in Connecticut, on the 3d of April, State elections will be held which will exert a large influence on the coming Presidential campaign, and on its final result in November. Of this the Republican party is well aware. Judge Edmunds, Postmaster of Washington and Secretary of the Republican Congressional Committee, has been for some time scattering broadcast over those two States effective political documents prepared by writers of ability, and he is still at the same work, in the office of the Republican Committee on F. st., aided by a well-disciplined corps of clerks and other employees. And Edmunds will keep at work, too, steadily, until the evening proceeding the November election. He is working with a quietness that amounts to tenacity; his republican co-laborers of both Houses, in the meantime, artfully and unconsciously diverting the attention of opposition Senators and Representatives from the main issue—the coming Presidential election—by irritating them into squabbling abstractions, dead issues, or matters of comparatively minor importance, and by aggravating Southern men into hasty utterances, which are carefully collated and put in type to be used as republican campaign documents. The National Republican Committee is also "working" New Hampshire and Connecticut, as I hear; but I have no personal knowledge of its method of procedure. In the mean time,

WHAT IS THE DEMOCRATIC HOUSE DOING?

It is not pleasant to be compelled to record the fact that, as a house, it has, as yet, fallen short of the anticipations, or, better perhaps, the hopes, of the people of the United States. Nearly every democratic congressman that I have seen appears to be devoting his entire time to devising schemes for securing his re-election. The Democratic Congressional Committee is doing absolutely nothing. It has not even held a meeting yet; and if the Democratic National Committee is making any effort to secure the votes of New Hampshire and Connecticut, all I can say is that no Senator or Representative I have seen has heard of it.

THE DEMOCRATIC PRESS

must commence unitedly, and at once, to stir up the National Committee, the Congressional Committee, and congressmen general, and to remind them that only by judicious management, strict discipline, and the hardest kind of work which cannot be commuted too soon, can a democratic president be elected. There is too much of a disposition among democratic congressmen to rely for success in the presidential campaign upon discussion in the republican ranks, and upon the general disgust with republicanism and the desire for "a new deal," that exists throughout the country. But it should be remembered that it is not so much with republicanism that the people of the North are disgusted as with Grantism, and that if the republican convention nominates a man of pure private character, with a good public record, who has never been connected with Grant's administration, or has been his friend, associate, defender or admirer—if the republican convention nominates such a man as that, as it is possible it may, we shall have a tough job in beating him.

LET US LOOK THE TRUTH SQUARELY IN THE FACE.

Greely, Schurz, Sumner, Trumbull, Banks, and other distinguished republicans did not, with their followers, leave their party because they had become dissatisfied with its principles, but because Grant had, according to them, ignored those principles and was running a personal government, not in the interest of the people of the United States, but for his own private purposes and those of the thieves and swindlers with whom he associated. The existence of the present large democratic majority in the House must also be considered a protest of honest republican voters against Grantism, rather than a democratic victory. Do not, then, let us stultify ourselves, at this important juncture, by ignoring the fact that the democratic party of the United States is a party, in a minority, and that it can hope to succeed in the coming struggle only by pursuing a course calculated to retain the late accessions to its ranks by defections from the republican party, and to secure the

votes of the tens of thousands of republicans who, although disgusted with Grantism, yet hesitate to come over to us before they see how the democratic House will behave, and whom the democratic convention will choose as its standard bearer. And here let me say that it can not be reiterated, too often, or in language too emphatic, that, in the coming presidential race,

THE BEST MAN WILL SURELY WIN, irrespective of party; for there never has been a time, since the foundation of the government, when party ties hung so loosely upon voters of all classes and in all sections. This is especially the case in the North. The cry of all men, of different political views, is "When shall we be relieved from the burdens of unnecessary taxation?" "When will official profligacy and extravagance give place to economy, and to honest, careful administration?" "When and how can we stop money-making legislation, legislation for money-making, and the using of adroit interpretations of the Constitution and of the laws for robbing the people?" "When shall we see the Presidential Mansion under the control of a gentleman, whose friends will be gentlemen, instead of being presided over by a vulgarism of low-breeding and tastes, nine-tenths of whose associates would not be allowed to place their legs under the mahogany of any gentleman in Christendom?" The above questions, put and re-put, have brought not only the thinking men of the country, but all classes—capitalists, mechanics, farmers, and the working men generally—to the resolute purpose to vote, at the next presidential election, for the best man—the man who they think will act far and with the people for the common good. The fact is that

THE WHOLE COUNTRY HAS BEEN DEMORALIZED BY THIS MAN, GRANT.

and is, just now, from North to South, from East to West, in a condition similar to that of the State of New York, a few years ago. The City of New York had been mercilessly robbed, year after year, by Tweed and his gang, while the State at large was robbed by the Canal Ring. The people of the Empire State were in despair. No one knew what to do. It was at that crisis that the present Governor of New York, Samuel J. Tilden, and Charles O'Connor, both eminent lawyers and life-long democrats, stepped to the front, and gave their services to the people. These two gentlemen worked laboriously for eight months without professional compensation. The result of their labors has passed into history, and is known to the world. Tweed and his associates were crushed politically and socially, and are now fugitives from justice. Soon after, the democracy nominated Tilden as its Candidate for governor, and a grateful people, irrespective of party, triumphantly elected him. Since then, he has effectually squelched the Canal Ring. In this connection, it is proper to state that it is not the custom of this eminent statesman to "pitch into" political opponents only. Wherever he sees a dishonest man he "goes for" him, whether a democrat or a republican. Hence his success. May Heaven and the Democratic convention give us just such a man for President as New York, in its great distress, got for Governor.

MASTER COMMISSIONER'S NOTICE.

Andrew Crow's Adm. Plaintiff, } Equity.

Against } Andrew Crow's Heirs, Defendants.

All persons having claims against the estate of Andrew Crow, deceased, are requested to produce the same, properly proven, to the undersigned, Master Commissioner of the Ohio Circuit Court, at his office in Hartford, Kentucky, on or before the 15th day of April, next.

E. R. MURRELL, M. C. O. C. C. n-43-m

MRS. WARFIELD'S NEW BOOKS

New Books just ready, by author of "The Household of Bonverie."

MONTFORD HALL.

MIRIAM'S MEMOIRS.

SEA AND SHORE.

THE HOUSEHOLD OF BONVERIE.

HESTER HOWARD'S TEMPTATION.

A DOUBLE WEDDING.

The above Six New Books are written by the popular Southern authoress Mrs. Catherine A. Warfield, formerly of Mississippi, but now of Louisville, Ky., and author of the world-wide noted work, "The Household of Bonverie," which is one of the best and most extraordinary novels ever published. The above six books are each issued in one large duodecimo volume, bound in morocco cloth, full gilt back and side, price \$1.75 each, or \$10.50 for a complete set of the six volumes, put up in a neat style and strong box.

\* \* \* \* \* Above books are for sale by all Book-sellers, or copies of either one or more of the above books, or a complete set of them, will be sent at once to any one, to any place, postage pre-paid, or free of freight, on receiving their price in a letter to the publishers.

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OF THE

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FOR THE PEOPLE.

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GIVE US YOUR AID.

And thus enable us to make it one of the best papers in the Country.

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# OLD HUNDRED

THE Courier-Journal.

For the Centennial Year.

1876!!

During all the century of our national existence, no one year has perhaps embodied so much of interest and importance as will be compassed within the twelve months of the Centennial Anniversary. The year 1876 witnesses in the popular Congressional body the return to power of the great National Democracy, which will be watched with intense interest in its every movement. The great Centennial Exposition, illustrating and emphasizing every phase of the nation's progress, side by side with the developments of universal civilization, will afford a constant fund of incident and information, which, to the great mass of the people, can only be reflected by the newspaper of broad scope and commanding resources. The Presidential contest of the year, with the great diversity of interests and opinions, and the anomalous alignment of men and parties, and sections, will be fought with a skill, energy and acuteness only equaled by the momentous results depending upon the great struggle.

An era so full of interest stimulates the extraordinary need of all the people for means of information and instruction, and stimulates the press to its highest possibilities. Conscious of this need, and in ready response to it, the management of the

LOUISVILLE COURIER-JOURNAL

Is determined that its Forty-sixth year shall more than maintain its supremacy as the great newspaper of the West and South.

The COURIER-JOURNAL combines the experience, ability and material resources of three old-time Louisville newspapers of national repute—the Louisville Courier, Louisville Journal and Louisville Democrat—and is fortified in the respect and confidence resulting from nearly half a century of their individual and combined success. Its thorough independent Democratic position will be fully maintained, and all its departments will be most carefully prepared. It gives, in the course of a year, several attractive serial novels, romances, &c., written expressly for its columns; its telegraphic summary faithfully reflects all the news of the world; able special correspondents write from all the great capitals; the financial and commercial reports are copious and trustworthy; the agricultural department is becoming more and more complete and interesting; the Patrons of Husbandry have in the *Courier-Journal* the advantage of a great newspaper published in the city of their National Headquarters, with a grange department written by a member of the order, whose devotion, ability and produce are universally acknowledged; wit, satire, gossip and paragraphic pungency are represented in many varied departments.

The COURIER-JOURNAL is submitted to the people as embracing a combination of all the conservative elements which have joined hands over the altar of the Constitution in forming a great, national, Democratic party. It is also presented as the largest, best and cheapest newspaper in America. No other paper published in the South or Southwest can approach it in these respects.

For the truth of these assertions, the reader is simply requested to compare the COURIER-JOURNAL, line by line and column by column, with any other newspaper south of the Ohio river. If the result is not found to leave a balance in its favor, we will not urge the point. Our aim is to produce the best article on the market and to sell it cheapest. The law of trade applies not less to newspapers than to other articles of everyday life. We look to the increasing sale of this great common law for our success. By giving the public the largest, liveliest, fullest, freshest, cheapest and most representative press, the COURIER-JOURNAL expects to surpass all rivalry in circulation and influence.

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# THE HERALD.

IS PUBLISHED  
EVERY WEDNESDAY MORNING,  
IN THE TOWN OF  
HARTFORD, OHIO COUNTY, KENTUCKY.  
—BY—  
BARRETT & BONNER,  
AT THE PRICE OF  
One Dollar and Fifty cents per Year.

Job work of every description done with neatness and dispatch, at city prices. We have a full line of job types, and solicit the patronage of the business community.

The postage on every copy of THE HERALD is prepaid at this office.  
Our terms of subscription are \$1.50 per year, in advance.  
Should the paper suspend publication, from any cause, during the year, we will refund the money due on subscription, or furnish subscribers for the suspended term with any paper of the same price they may select.

Advertisements of business men are solicited, except those of saloon keepers and dealers in intoxicating liquors, which we will not admit to our columns under any circumstances.  
All communications and contributions for publication must be addressed to the Editor.  
Communications in regard to advertising and job work must be addressed to the Publishers.

## COUNTY DIRECTORY.

### CIRCUIT COURT.

Hon. James Stuart, Judge, Owensboro.  
Hon. Jos. Hayscraft, Attorney, Owensboro.  
A. L. Morton, Clerk, Hartford.  
E. B. Marrell, Master Commissioner, Hartford.  
T. J. Smith, Sheriff, Hartford.  
E. L. Wise, Jailor, Hartford.

Court begins on the second Mondays in May and November, and continues three weeks each term.

### COUNTY COURT.

Hon. W. F. Gregory, Judge, Hartford.  
Capt. Sam. K. Cox, Clerk, Hartford.  
J. P. Sanderfer, Attorney, Hartford.

Court begins on the first Monday in every month.

### QUARTERLY COURT.

Begins on the 3rd Mondays in January, April, July and October.

### COURT OF CLAIMS.

Begins on the first Monday in October.

### OTHER COUNTY OFFICERS.

J. J. Leach, Assessor, Cromwell.  
J. Smith Fitzhugh, Surveyor, Sulphur Springs.  
J. H. Russell, Coroner, Sulphur Springs.  
W. L. Rowe, School Commissioner, Hartford.

### MAGISTRATES' COURTS.

Caney district, No. 1.—P. H. Alfred, Justice of the Peace, P. O. White Run. Courts held March 6, June 17, September 4, and December 18. E. F. Tillard, Justice of the Peace, P. O. Rosine. Courts held March 18, June 5, September 18, and December 2. W. W. Eick, Constable, P. O. Rosine.

Cool Springs district No. 2.—A. N. Brown, Justice of the Peace, P. O. Rockport. Courts held March 5, June 12, September 2, and December 16. D. J. Wilcox, Justice of the Peace, P. O. Rockport. Courts held March 15, June 2, September 14 and December 2.—Isaac Brown, Constable, P. O. Rockport.

Crookston district No. 3.—W. P. Renter, J. P. P. O. Point Pleasant. Courts held March 21, June 14, September 30, and December 15. A. T. Coffman, J. P. P. O. Crookston. Courts held March 16, June 28, September 13, and December 30. S. L. Falkerson, Constable, P. O. Hodge Falls.

Holt's Store district No. 4.—Ben Newton, J. P. P. O. Buford. Courts held March 11, June 23, September 11, and December 27. S. Woodward, J. P. P. O. Hartford. Courts held March 21, June 10, September 23, and December 11. Eli Chish, Constable, P. O. Buford.

Forbesville district No. 5.—C. W. R. Cobb, J. P. P. O. Forbesville. Courts held March 8, June 19, September 8, and December 22. J. L. Burton, J. P. P. O. Forbesville. Courts held March 20, June 7, September 22, and December 8. J. I. Harder, Constable, P. O. Forbesville.

Ellis district No. 6.—C. S. McElroy, J. P. P. O. Whitesville, Daviess county. Courts held March 9, June 21, September 9, and December 23. James Miller, J. P. P. O. Whitesville, Daviess county. Courts held March 22, June 5, September 19, and December 3. Constable—have none. C. W. Phillips, Deputy Sheriff, P. O. Whitesville, Daviess county, does the business.

Hartford district No. 7.—J. P. Cooper, J. P. P. O. Beaver Dam. Courts held March 13, June 26, September 14, and December 30. A. B. Bennett, J. P. P. O. Hartford. Courts held March 25, June 12, September 27, and December 13. W. L. Maddox, Constable, P. O. McHenry.

Cromwell district No. 8.—Samuel Austin, J. P. P. O. Cromwell. Courts held March 27, June 16, September 29, and December 17. J. P. P. O. Cromwell. Courts held March 17, June 30, September 19, and December 23. R. S. Hodges, Constable, P. O. Cromwell.

Hartford District No. 9.—T. L. Allen, J. P. P. O. Hartford. Courts held March 14, June 24, September 13, and December 20. J. M. Leach, J. P. P. O. Hartford. Courts held March 28, June 15, September 28, and December 10. D. J. Waitinghill, Constable, P. O. Hartford.

Sulphur Springs district No. 10.—R. C. Wedding, J. P. P. O. Sulphur Springs. Courts held March 21, June 6, September 21, and December 7. J. A. Bennett, J. P. P. O. Sulphur Springs. Courts held March 7, June 20, September 4, and December 21. A. S. Auld, Constable, P. O. Sulphur Springs.

Barlett's Precinct No. 11.—W. H. Cummins, J. P. P. O. Hartford. Courts held March 19, June 25, September 12, and December 26. Jackson Yates, J. P. P. O. Buford. Courts held March 23, June 29, September 26, and December 12. E. H. Burton, Constable, P. O. Buford.

### POLICE COURTS.

Hartford—F. P. Morgan, Judge, second Monday in January, April, July and October.—J. N. Wise, Marshal.

Beaver Dam—E. W. Cooper, Judge, first Saturday in January, April, July and October.—W. H. Blankenship, Marshal.

Cromwell—A. P. Montague, Judge, first Tuesday in January, April, July and October.—H. P. Wise, Marshal.

Coralva—W. D. Barnard, Judge, last Saturday in March, June, September and December.—Daniel Tichenor, Marshal.

Hamilton—J. W. Lankford, Judge, post-office address McHenry, courts held third Saturday in January, April, July and October. A. J. Garman, Marshal, post-office address McHenry.

Rockport—James Tinsley, Judge, Mansfield Williams, Marshal. Courts held—

### Look out for the Red Mark.

Subscribers who see a red mark on the margin of their paper near their names may know that their time has expired. We hope all such will renew at once.

The County Council, Patrons of Husbandry, of Ohio county, will meet at the courthouse in Hartford, on Friday, the 31st day of March, 1876.

W. T. RICKETTS, Sec. Protem.  
S. WOODWARD, Pres.

A crusty old bachelor explains that the reason a woman puts a finger in her mouth when she talks, is because she cannot think and talk too.

We would like for all to read the beautiful little poem on our first page, dedicated to Sallie by "Rosine." Every line is a warm rush of poetical love, seemingly floating into music, carrying the reader through the realities of life to that blissful hereafter where all troubles end. Every line is a truth beautifully expressed, and the bright sun of happiness turns the tears of sorrow to rainbows of joy.

Last Wednesday morning about daylight the alarm of fire was given, which proved to be the meat-house of Mr. Geo. W. Bunker. Mr. Bunker had been smoking his meat the day previous, and when night came on he neglected putting out the fire. A large goods box, containing meat which had been cured and stored away, caught fire and roasted the meat that was in it. One side of the meat-house was burned completely out, and the flames were in a fair way to soon devour his house, which they would have done had it not been for Dora Sullenger, a black man, who came by and gave the alarm and lent a helping hand. This should be a warning to all who have meat to smoke, and they should see before retiring for the night that all is safe in this respect.

### For the Mardi Gras.

The following persons took the train at Beaver Dam, Monday morning, for Louisville, to attend Mardi Gras:

Mrs. H. D. McHenry, Miss Mattie Berry, S. Woodward, S. K. Cox, Dr. S. L. Berry, George A. Platt, John R. Collins, Henry Hart, Herbert Kinsolvin, Z. Wayne Griffin, John P. Barrett, of Hartford; R. J. Daniel, Isaac Mendel, of Cromwell; Thos. Stevens, A. H. Kahn, Mike Stanley, Beaver Dam.

### Marriage Licenses.

The following is a list of the marriage licenses issued since our last report:

Aaron T. Tichenor and Miss Sallie W. Ashby.  
Robert N. Pate and Miss Mary E. Rowe.

Hardin H. Morris and Miss Sallie A. Milligan.  
J. W. Morris and Miss Precilla Vance.

Samuel Ralph and Miss Martha S. Wade.  
Francis M. Martin and Miss Luella Smith.

### Real Estate Transfers.

[Logged for record since our last issue.]  
John V. Cooper to Dr. W. J. Berry, 91 acres on Muddy creek, deed of division.

Thos. W. Chamberlain to Jesse Mc. Taylor, 1/3 of 17 9-10 acres on Panther, \$100.

Miss R. A. Chamberlain to Jesse Mc. Taylor, 1/3 of 17 9-10 acres on Panther, \$100.

Wm. M. Williams to O. L. Bowen, 4 78-100 acres on No creek, \$445.

### Kuklux Outrage.

A lot of men, under disguise, week before last, burned the house of David Godsey (of color), in the edge of Grayson county. They made the negro carry out all his plunder and then stand and see his house burn. They then went to B. A. Dewees's a white man, and fired his house, and made the family stand by and see it burn. One of Dewees's sons wounded one of the gang badly. Dewees says he knows them, and it is rumored that all of them will be arrested. The cause given for the outrage is that Dewees keeps a bawdy house, and the negro and a daughter of Dewees's have been cohabiting together. It is reported that she has given birth to a child which is said to be the negro's.

### Robbery.

On Friday, last week, Mr Wesley Crow, living in the North-western part of the county, was robbed. He had \$150 and several valuable papers in a trunk. He was out burning plant-beds, and his wife was from home on a visit; the thief went in and got the trunk carried it off broke it open and took out the money and left the trunk on the roadside. Mr. Crow has recovered his papers. He had paid out \$500, a few days before.

The following is a list of the officers of "Rock of Safety" Lodge, No 14, I. O. G. T., at Hamilton, Ohio County.

J. F. Lewis, W. C. T.  
Miss Katie Hamilton, W. V. T.  
John Blackburn, W. S.  
W. H. Hamilton, W. F. S.  
Barrett Southard, W. T.  
Wm. Gallagher, W. M.  
E. G. Renter, W. D. M.  
John Torrance, W. Chap.  
Wm. O'Brien, W. I. G.  
Tom Willard, W. O. G.  
James Kelley, P. W. C. T.

Wm. Hamilton, sr., L. D.  
Miss Jennie Duncan, R. H. S.  
Miss Sallie Renter, L. H. S.  
This lodge meets every Saturday night, and a degree lodge is held first Wednesday night in each month.—This is the banner lodge in Ohio County and has done a noble work in the great reform.

We were made the happy recipients last night of a splendid lunch from our kind hostess, Mrs. Vaught.

Mr. D. E. Thomas, of this city, is visiting relatives in Owensboro.

## For the Hartford Herald.

**DIED.**  
Feb. 12th, Mabel Hoke, aged Six Years.

Thou art gone—translated, darling,  
To realms of cloudless bliss,  
And we're left in our hearts the anguish,  
While the cheering rod we kiss,  
The Father called thee, precious one,  
And may His righteous will be done.

Thou art gone, sweet little blossom,  
That rearedst thy tender form,  
Smiling in fond and artless hue,  
A bud of beauty in our storm,  
Of life—a lily bud ere sun or dew  
Had opened thy leaves of spotless hue.

Thou art gone, in all thy brightness,  
And rougher seems earth's rugged shore,  
And darkling fall the shadows,  
Where sunshine laughed before,  
Oh, God! forgive the wistful tear,  
That would recall our treasure here.

Thou art gone—the sweet voice hush'd,  
That, late in tides of gladness,  
Poured bird-like melody on our ears,  
Driving away all gloom and sadness,  
Thou art singing now with the angel throng,  
Sending sweeter notes to cherubim's song.

Thou art gone, but deathless love  
Still lives in our hearts for thee:  
A memory sweet of thy radiant face,  
And thy spirit's tireless glee,  
Thy voice's music, thy gentle power,  
Linger still in our souls like dew on the flower.

### A Man Deserts His Wife and Flees With a Young Lady.

Mr. Elazar Hedden, of Fordville, took some cattle to Louisville, a short time ago and sold them and returned to Owensboro and sent out a man in a buggy for Miss Hale, daughter of Mr. Armstrong Hale, living in the vicinity of Fordville. Miss Hale was visiting her uncle's near Owensboro. The young lady went to that city and in company with Hedden, left the country. We see in the list of arrivals at Alexander's hotel in Louisville, Ky., on 23rd ultimo, E. Hedden and wife, Fordville, Ky. Hedden leaves a wife behind. We give the above as we heard it not vouching for the truth of it though our information comes from a reliable source.

### Elopement.

Mr. W. Perry Bennett and Miss Shown, a daughter of Isaac Shown, living in the neighborhood of Beda, having formed an attachment for each other and the old man being unwilling, they lit out on last Wednesday morning, for Tennessee. General Hoover, volunteered to guard them to the Gretna Green and return, and they will, no doubt, make a safe trip, as the General has piloted several companies of the same kind before and they always got through safe.

### MARRIED.

Feb. 25th, 1876, at the Southern Hotel in Clarksville Tenn., by the Rev. R. K. Brown, Mr. W. P. Bennett to Miss Sarah Shown—all of Ohio county, Ky.

### Babeock Acquitted.

[From Courier-Journal.]  
Babeock is acquitted. The White House influence has triumphed. The guileless young man will be borne with jubilation to the President, and the fatted calf will be killed. "Let no guilty man escape" henceforth will be as grim a joke as was ever perpetrated. Joyce and McDonald languished beneath that utterance, but when the sweep of the scythe approached that little anteroom in the White House, where the perfumed darling of the Grant Group performed his clerical work, the hand was stayed. There was a mental reservation in the President's words. They might cut too closely. Those who have followed the course of the Babeock trial began to yield their belief that the defendant would be found guilty, when his counsel succeeded in inducing Judge Dillon to exclude several of the most important telegrams, especially those which passed between Luckey and Babeock last November, when the latter was in terror lest he should be summoned to St. Louis. The frantic efforts of Babeock's lawyer to get these dispatches thrown out were suspicious from the start, in the face of the defendant's own reiterated declaration that "Every telegram which I sent will appear perfectly innocent the moment I can be heard."

He obtained the hearing and then agitated to hide the telegrams from the scrutiny of the jury. But he is acquitted. He has succeeded. He will return to be honored by the President and the circle which he has adorned at Washington, but followed by the irrefragable suspicion and contempt of those who took the president at his word, when he uttered the words, "Let no guilty man escape."

The last number of the Grayson Journal came to us in the form of a folio—heretofore a quarto. The Journal is published in our neighboring county, which makes it a welcome visitor to this office.

REPUBLICAN CONVENTION.  
REPUBLICANS OF OHIO COUNTY:  
You are respectfully called upon and urged to meet in Convention at the Court House in Hartford on the first Monday in April next, to select Delegates to the State Convention to be held in Louisville, on the 18th day of May, and for a thorough organization of the party, that they may enter the approaching Presidential campaign fully prepared to meet any emergency, and thereby help to secure another Republican victory. To the silent thunders of the ballot-box in November next the friends of civil liberty look for another grand manifestation of the capability for self government, by the continuation of the Republican party in the control of American destiny. Republicans, friends of liberty, rally, that we may again shout victory.  
GEO. C. WEDDING,  
Chair'n Co. Ex. Com.

### CONSUMPTION CURED.

An old physician, retired from active practice, having placed in his hands by an East India Missionary that formula of a simple Vegetable Remedy, for the speedy and permanent cure of Consumption, Bronchitis, Catarrh, Asthma, and all throat and Lung Affections, also a Positive and Radical cure for Nervous Debility and all Nervous Complaints, after having thoroughly tested its wonderful curative powers in thousands of cases, feels it his duty to make it known to his suffering fellows. Actuated by this motive, and a conscientious desire to relieve human suffering, he will send (free of charge) to all who desire it, this recipe, with full directions for preparing and successfully using. Sent by return mail by addressing with stamp, naming this paper.

Dr. W. C. STEVENS,  
By Munroe Rice, Syracuse, N. Y.

## IT PAYS IT PAYS! WHAT PAYS?

IT PAYS every Manufacturer, Merchant, Mechanic, Inventor, Farmer, or Professional man, to keep informed on all the improvements and discoveries of the present age.

IT PAYS the head of every family to introduce into his household a newspaper that is instructive one that fosters a taste for investigation, and promotes thought and encourages discussion among the members.

THE SCIENTIFIC AMERICAN, which has been published weekly for the last thirty years, does this, to an extent beyond that of any other publication, in fact it is the only weekly paper published in the United States, devoted to Manufactures, Mechanics, Inventions and new discoveries in the Arts and Sciences.

Every number is profusely illustrated and its contents embrace the latest and most interesting information pertaining to the Industrial, Mechanical, and Scientific Progress of the World; Descriptions, with Beautiful Engravings, of new Inventions, of new Implements, new Processes, and Improved Industries of all kinds; Useful Notes, Recipes, Suggestions and Advice, by Practical Writers, for Workmen and Employers, in all the various arts, forming a complete repository of New Inventions and Discoveries; containing a weekly record not only of the progress of the Industrial Arts in our own country, but also of all new discoveries and inventions in every branch of Engineering, Mechanics, and Science abroad.

THE SCIENTIFIC AMERICAN has been the foremost of all industrial publications for the past thirty years. It is the oldest, largest, cheapest, and the best weekly illustrated paper devoted to Engineering, Mechanics, Chemistry, New Inventions, Science and Industrial Progress, published in the World.

The practical receipts are worth ten times the subscription price. And for the shop and house will save many times the cost of subscription.

Merchants, Farmers, Mechanics, Engineers, Inventors, Manufacturers, Chemists, Lovers of Science, and people of all Professions, will find the SCIENTIFIC AMERICAN useful to them. It should have a place in every Family, Library, Study, Office, and Counting Room; in every Reading Room, College and School. A new volume commences January 1st, 1876.

A year's numbers contains 832 pages and SEVERAL HUNDRED ENGRAVINGS. Thousands of volumes are preserved for binding and reference. Terms, \$3.20 a year by mail, including postage. Discount to Clubs. Special circulars giving Club rates sent free. Single copies mailed on receipt of 10 cents. May be had of all News Dealers.

## PATENTS.

In connection with the SCIENTIFIC AMERICAN, Messrs. MUNN & Co. are Solicitors of American and Foreign Patents, and have the largest establishment in the world. More than fifty thousand applications have been made for patents through their agency.

Patents are obtained on the best terms. Models of New Inventions and Sketches examined and advice free. A special notice is given in the SCIENTIFIC AMERICAN of all Inventions Patented through this Agency, with the name and residence of the Patentee. Patents are often sold in part or whole, to persons attracted to the invention by such notice. Send for Pamphlet, containing full directions for obtaining patents. A bound volume containing the Patent Laws, Census of the U. S., and 142 Engravings of mechanical movement. Price 25 cents.

Address for the paper, or concerning Patents, MUNN & CO., 37 Park Row, New York. Branch Office, Cor. F & 7th Sts., Washington, D. C.

### MASTER COMMISSIONER'S NOTICE

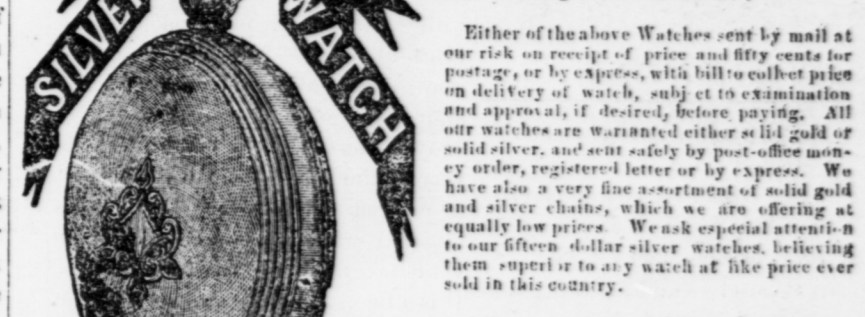
Titus Bennett, Admr., Plaintiff  
Against  
Titus Bennett's Heirs, Defts  
Equity

All persons having claims against the estate of Titus Bennett, deceased, are requested to produce the same, properly proven, to the undersigned Master Commissioner of the Ohio Circuit Court, at his office in Hartford, Kentucky, on or before the 15th day of April, next.

J. R. MURRELL, M. C. O. C. C.

## GOLD AND SILVER WATCHES.

Exact Size of Our \$15 Watches  
Gent's Silver Hunting Key-winding Lever Watch \$15. Gent's Silver Hunting Stem-winding Lever Watch, \$25. Ladies' Gold Hunting Key-winding Lever Watch, \$30. Ladies' Gold Hunting Stem-winding Lever Watch, \$20. Gent's 10-kt. Hunting Stem-winding Lever Watch, \$65. 6-kt's Gold Hunting Stem-winding Lever Watch \$70.



Either of the above Watches sent by mail at our risk on receipt of price and fifty cents for postage, or by express, with bill to collect price on delivery of watch, subject to examination and approval, if desired, before paying. All our watches are warranted either a solid gold or solid silver, and sent safely by post-office money order, registered letter or by express. We have also a very fine assortment of solid gold and silver chains, which we are offering at equally low prices. We ask especial attention to our fifteen dollar silver watches, believing them equal to any watch at like price ever sold in this country.

If you want a Good Watch at a Low Price send for our new illustrated Price List of Gold and Silver Watches which shows sizes and prices of about fifty different styles. We send it free to any address.  
C. P. BARNES & BRO., Jewelers,  
(by Mail) Main st. bt. 6th & 7th Louisville, Ky.

## ESTRAY NOTICE.

Taken up as an estray, by William B. Wells, living in Ellis' precinct, Ohio county, on the 21st of November, 1875, one dark red steer, between three and four years old, having thick heavy horns; hind feet white; half the tail white; ears marked with a crop of both, two spots in the right and one in the left ear. Appraised at \$13.  
Witness my hand this 21st of Nov. '75.  
C. S. McELROY, J. P. O. C.

## I. O. O. F.

HARTFORD LODGE No. 158.

Meets in Taylor Hall, in Hartford, Ky., on the Second and Fourth Saturday evenings in each month. The fraternity are cordially invited to visit us when convenient for them to do so.  
L. BARRETT, N. G. W. W. PHIPPS, Sec.  
R. P. BERRYMAN, D. G. M.

## HOUSE AND LOT FOR RENT.

I desire to rent my house and lot in the town of Hartford. Will make reasonable terms to a good tenant. For further information inquire of the undersigned, or John P. Barrett.  
J. Judah Harrison.  
Hartford Ky., October 6th, 1875.

## FOGLE & SWEENEY, ATTORNEYS & COUNSELLORS AT LAW.

(Office west of courthouse over Hardwick & Nall's store.)  
Will practice in inferior and superior courts of this commonwealth.  
Special attention given to cases in bankruptcy.  
F. F. Morgan is also examiner, and will take depositions correctly—will be ready to oblige all parties at all times.

## JOHN P. BARRETT, ATTORNEY AT LAW.

Will practice their profession in the Ohio county Circuit Court, and in the Court of Appeals of Kentucky.  
J. E. Fogle will also practice in the Circuit courts of adjoining counties, and in the interior courts of Ohio county.  
OFFICE—West side of Market street near courthouse.

## JOHN P. BARRETT, ATTORNEY AT LAW.

and Real Estate Agent,  
HARTFORD, KENTUCKY.

## WALKER & HUBBARD, ATTORNEYS AT LAW.

AND REAL ESTATE AGENTS,  
HARTFORD, KENTUCKY.

## Z. WAYNE GRIFFIN, ATTORNEY AT LAW.

Dealer in  
Drugs, Medicines and Chemicals,  
Fine Toilet Soaps, Fancy Hair and Tooth-Brushes, Perfumery and Fancy Toilet Articles, Trusses and Shoulder Braces,  
Garden Seed.  
Pure Wines and Liquors for medicinal purposes!  
Paints, Oils, Varnishes, Dye Stuffs,  
Letter-paper, Pens, Ink, Envelopes, Glass Putty, Carbon Oil, Lamps and Chimneys.  
Physicians' prescriptions accurately compounded.  
J. F. COLLINS.  
DEALER IN  
GROCERIES, CONFECTIONERIES, &c., &c.  
COUNTRY PRODUCE  
Bought at  
The Highest Market Price.  
Remember the place, west side public square opposite the court house, Hartford, Ky.  
no 1y.

## ESTEY ORGANS

New and Beautiful Styles for 1876.  
In Power, Variety of Effect, Purity and Sweetness of Tone, as well as high quality of Material, Workmanship and Durability, the ESTEY ORGANS stand unrivalled. More than 62,000 are in use in Families, Churches, Schools, etc.  
Send for Illustrated Catalogue.  
Prices Low for Cash or Easy Payments.  
D. H. BALDWIN & CO.,  
135 West 14th Street, Cincinnati.  
General Western Agents, Estey Cottage Organs, Decker Brothers and Ohio Valley Piano Co.'s Pianos.

## LIBERAL TERMS OF EXCHANGE

For the light running Remingtons. We have recently come to Hartford, and expect to remain here, until every family in Ohio and adjoining counties is supplied with a Sewing Machine; but do not wait for us to canvass and hunt you up, but send in your orders for machines, and they will be promptly attended to. No pains will be spared in instructing parties who buy machines. Machines can be bought on monthly or quarterly instalments. Patrons will please write under Seal of your Grange for circular and special terms, as agreed upon by the Executive Committee of Kentucky and Tennessee State Granges. Liberal discounts to Farmers; clubs, and all cash purchasers. Call and examine our Machine. We will take pleasure in showing you it, whether you wish to buy or not.  
Please address J. W. SUTTON,  
Agent at Hartford for Ohio and adjoining counties.

## SEWING MACHINE.

What nicer present could I wish for my Wife, Daughter, Sister, or Mother, than the noiseless, light running Remington

## SEWING MACHINE.

the latest improved Machine in the market will sew from the finest gossamer to the heaviest sole leather, with all.

## Ease and Perfection.

Every machine we sell is fully warranted for five years, and by one of the best Companies in America. Should any machine fail to give the most perfect satisfaction to the purchaser, we will

## REFUND THE MONEY

## TAKE BACK THE MACHINE.

Every machine we sell, or have sold, is sold upon this guarantee, and out of hundreds sold, and now being sold on a largely increased demand, not a

## SINGLE MACHINE

has been returned to us; but, on the contrary, each machine sold helps to swell the demand. All who try the Remington, pronounce it

## SUPERIOR IN EVERY RESPECT

to any machine in the market. Any person owning a Sewing Machine which is noisy, worn out, or does not do the work required, will find it to their advantage to send us a description of their machine, and get our

## LIBERAL TERMS OF EXCHANGE

For the light running Remingtons. We have recently come to Hartford, and expect to remain here, until every family in Ohio and adjoining counties is supplied with a Sewing Machine; but do not wait for us to canvass and hunt you up, but send in your orders for machines, and they will be promptly attended to. No pains will be spared in instructing parties who buy machines. Machines can be bought on monthly or quarterly instalments. Patrons will please write under Seal of your Grange for circular and special terms, as agreed upon by the Executive Committee of Kentucky and Tennessee State Granges. Liberal discounts to Farmers; clubs, and all cash purchasers. Call and examine our Machine. We will take pleasure in showing you it, whether you wish to buy or not.  
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J. R. MURRELL, M. C. O. C. C.



# THE HERALD.



## Farmer, Don't Go In Debt.

The greatest agent to produce poverty among farmers or any other class is debt. Many farmers will get a deed to a small piece of land, enough to support themselves and families, and lay by a small annual income. But that is not sufficient. They run in debt for more land, and become a slave to debt. They pay an interest on money borrowed, which will soon consume the little property they possess. They often pay higher than ten per cent. Such proceedings engender a spirit of discontent, and they lose faith in farming and try to sell their farms in order to get to town and enter into other business. In nine cases out of ten, every farmer who is doing well, that goes to town, fails outright. Having no faith in farming, or having no breadth of understanding, they buy the poorest tools and meanness stock, and drive poor teams before poorer wagons and agricultural machinery. In the fall and winter they feed poorly, just feeding enough to get their live stock through the winter into spring. Then it takes all summer to put on the flesh that was lost in the winter by poor shelter and bad food. They never put out fruit trees or shade trees on their farms. They always sell their best lambs and cattle to drovers and keep the poorest at home. They send their children to school but little, as too much learning is a dangerous thing. They do not take agricultural papers or believe in book farming. They never give their children a cent of spending money, as it makes them spendthrifts. In short, they are the most miserable people in the world, and would not keep money if they had it. Such farmers are poor, and will remain so to the end of their days, and most of their sons will follow the path of their sires.—*Exchange.*

## A Word to Mothers.

Each mother is a historian. She writes not the histories of empires or nations on paper, but she writes her own history on the imperishable mind of her child. That tablet and history will remain indelible when time shall be no more. That history each mother will meet again, and read with eternal joy or unutterable woe in the far ages of eternity. This thought should weigh on the mind of every mother, and render her deeply circumspect and prayerful and faithful in the solemn work of training up her children for Heaven and immortality.—The minds of children are very susceptible and easily impressed. A word, a look, a frown, may engrave an impression upon the mind of a child, which no lapse of time can efface or wash out. You walk along the seashore when the tide is out, and you form characters, or write words or names in the smooth white sand, which lies spread out so clear and beautiful at your feet, according as your fancy may dictate, but the running tide shall in a few hours wash out and efface forever all that you have written. Not so the line and characters of truth or error which your conduct imprint on the mind of your child. There you write impressions for the eternal good or ill of your child which neither the floods nor storms nor earth can wash out, nor death's cold fingers can erase, nor the slow moving ages of eternity can obliterate. How careful then should each mother be of herself in the treatment of her child! How prayerful, how serious, and how earnest to write the truths of God on his mind; those truths which shall be his guide and teacher when her voice shall be silent in death and her lips no longer move in prayer in his behalf, in commending her dear child to her covenant with God!

A young man up in Marion County tried to punch a rabbit out of a hollow log with a gun the other day. The rabbit came out and so did the gun—some of it. And that young man will never make his sisters mad by blowing his nose with his fingers any more, because he has no thumb to catch hold of his nose with, and if he had he has no nose to catch hold of.—*Burlington Hawk Eye.*

It is an extraordinary fact that when people come to what is commonly called high words, they generally use low language.

It is said that the light of a match will frighten a wolf, but a love match sometimes fails to keep the wolf from the door.

## Errors in Newspapers.

A Western schoolmaster, in order to sharpen the wits of his pupils, set to work for half an hour each day to search for the errors in the newspaper which the pedagogue habitually read himself. There is no fault to be found with this method of developing the youthful mind. Not a few errors were discovered, and the teacher jumped to the conclusion that editors and printers were ignorant of the very rudiments of their callings; and he was not by any means the first individual who pronounced a similar verdict on the same slender evidence. It is a thousand pities that some of the people who pass such sharp and sweeping snap-judgments could not be induced to take charge of a daily or weekly journal, just for one issue; they would have no desire to try their hands at a second number, for they would discover that the making of a newspaper is about the most difficult work in the world. They would be brought face to face with a formidable mass of matter to be gleaned in as many minutes as they would desire days; they would be compelled to write on topics as widely dissimilar as possible at a moment's notice; to consult the best authorities, and with unerring certainty to know where to find them.—Diffuse accounts of important intelligence would come streaming in upon them for condensation at the last moment. Their handwriting would become hurried and illegible, to the despair of the compositors, who are compelled to put into type so few lines of copy at a time, having not the remotest idea of what they are translating, and depending for the accuracy solely on their trained power to decipher illegible writing with their eyes, while mechanically picking up type with their fingers.

That the critical typo should become utterly bewildered, and in despair abandon the task before it is half completed, is reasonably certain. And we may always rest assured that one and all of the capricious critics that undertook the labor of setting journals to rights would arrive at the sensible conclusion that the wonder is, not that there are so many, but so very few mistakes in the newspapers.

## Let Us Help One Another.

This little sentence should be written on every heart and stamped on every memory. It should be the golden rule practiced not only in every household, but throughout the world. By helping one another we not only remove thorns from the pathway and anxiety from the mind, but we feel a sense of pleasure in our own hearts, knowing we are doing a duty to a fellow creature. A helping hand, or an encouraging word, is no loss to us, yet is a benefit to others. Who has not felt the power of this little sentence?—Who has not needed the encouragement and aid of a kind friend? How soothing, when perplexed with some task that is mysterious and burdensome, to feel a gentle hand on the shoulder and to hear a kind voice whispering, "Do not feel discouraged, I see your trouble, let me help you."—What strength is inspired, what hope created, what sweet gratitude is felt, and the great difficulty is dissolved as dew beneath the sunshine. Yes, let's help one another to strengthen and encourage the weak and lifting the burden of care from the weary and oppressed, that life may glide smoothly on and the fount of bitterness yield sweet waters; and He, whose willing hand is ever ready to aid us, will reward our humble endeavors, and every good deed will be as "bread cast upon the waters to return after many days," if not to us, to those we love.

The German papers tell this story in connection with Baron Rothschild's death. A. meets B. weeping and sobbing aloud. Says A., "Why do you weep?" "Because," B., as if his heart were breaking—"Because he is dead—the powerful, the rich baron." "But," asks A., "why do you cry so much?" He was no relative of yours. "That is just what I am crying about," howls B., more affected than ever.

Young man, if you should see your girl gazing intently at your feet, don't shift them about uneasily, or draw them up and under the impression that she is overwhelmed by their immense size. She is merely taking the measure mentally, for a pair of slippers, on the toes of which she intends to work a blue dog, with a green tail, and scarlet ears.

"Exploring waist places," said John Henry as he put his arm around the pretty chambermaid. "Navigation of the air," said Mrs. Henry, overhearing him, and sailing into her raven curls.

You can generally tell how popular you are with a lady by the length of time she keeps you waiting while dressing to receive you.

J. T. CARSON.

R. J. DANIEL.

**HARRY BRIDGES,**  
—WITH—  
**CARSON, DANIEL & CO.,**  
WHOLESALE DEALERS IN  
STAPLE AND FANCY GROCERIES.  
No. 299, Main Street, bet. Eighth and Ninth,  
**LOUISVILLE, KY.**

## JUST FROM THE EAST!

**E. SMALL**  
with his mammoth stock of Fall and Winter goods, consisting in part of  
**DRY GOODS**  
**Men & Boys Clothing!**  
BOOTS, SHOES, HATS, CAPS, BLANKETS, COMFORTS, and LADIES FURS.  
Also the largest assortment of

**FINE DRESS GOODS**  
Ever brought to this market, all of which he offers at lower prices than ever before.

**Millinery Goods!**  
of every description are always kept on hand.

**N. B.**—The very highest market price will be paid for feathers, hides, dried fruit, furs, &c.



## THE INDIANAPOLIS SUN.

The leading INDEPENDENT REFORM WEEKLY political newspaper in the United States; the special advocate of the interests of Labor against Combined Capital; Legal Tender Paper Money as against Bank Issues and the Gold Standard; and the interchangeable Currency Bond as against the High Gold Interest Bond.

The SUN has a corps of able correspondents among the clearest and most profound thinkers of the country. Miscellaneous of the choicest selection, adapted to all classes of readers.

Terms, \$1.75 per year, postpaid. Sample copies sent free on application. Address, INDIANAPOLIS SUN COMPANY, Indianapolis, Ind.



**JOHN P. TRACY & SON.**  
**UNDERTAKERS.**  
HARTFORD, KY.

Manufacturers and dealers in all kinds of wooden coffins, from the finest to the most durable, and the cheapest. Plain and ornate. All kinds of coffin trimmings constantly on hand and for sale.

Keep a fine hearse always ready to attend funerals free of charge to our patrons.

*Wagons and Buggies,* constantly on hand or made to order. Particular attention given to plow stock.



**PLAIN Gold Rings**  
Plain solid 18-kt. Gold Engagement and Wedding Rings furnished to order promptly; also Set Rings, with Amethyst, Garnet, Topaz, Moss Agate, Pearl or Diamond settings. Plain Gold 18-kt. Rings from \$3 to \$15 each. In ordering, measure the largest joint of the finger you desire fitted with a narrow piece of paper, and send to the paper. We inscribe any name, motto, or date free of charge. Rings sent by mail on receipt of price, or by express, with bill to collect on delivery of goods. Money may be sent safely by Express, Post-office Money Order, or Registered Letter.

Refer to George W. Bain.  
C. P. BARNES & BRO.,  
Jewelers, Main st., bet. 6th & 7th, Louisville, Ky.

**ROYAL INSURANCE COMPANY**  
OF  
**LIVERPOOL.**

Security and Indemnity.  
CAPITAL—\$10,000,000 GOLD.

CASH ASSETS, OVER \$12,000,000 GOLD.  
CASH ASSETS IN U. S., \$1,837,984 GOLD.

Losses paid without discount, refer to 12th edition of Company's policy.

BARBEE & CASTLEMAN, General Agents,  
Louisville, Kentucky

**BARRETT & HART, Agents,**  
HARTFORD, KY.

**JAS. A. THOMAS, UND. A. PLATT,**  
**JAN. A. THOMAS & CO.,**  
HARTFORD, KY.

Dealers in staple and fancy

**DRY GOODS,**

Notions, Fancy Goods, Clothing, Boots and Shoes, Hats and Caps. A large assortment of these goods kept constantly on hand, and will be sold at the very lowest cash price.

**FIRST New Goods**  
OF THE  
**SEASON,**

**WM. H. WILLIAMS,**  
HARTFORD, KY.

Takes pleasure in announcing to the citizens of Hartford and Ohio county that he is

Receiving Daily,  
**THE LATEST NOVELTIES**

IN  
**DRY GOODS,**

Gents' and Boys' Clothing,  
**Hats, Caps,**

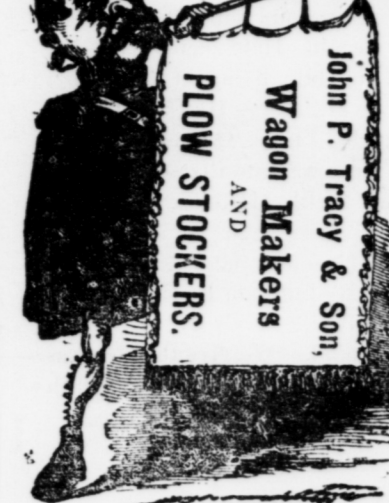
**BOOTS & SHOES,**

**Hardware, Queensware.**

Staple and  
**FANCY GROCERIES,**

Also dealer in  
**Leaf Tobacco,**

I will sell very low for cash, or exchange for all kinds of country produce. My motto is "Quick sales and small profits." nol ly



We do not like to blow our own trumpet so we have engaged our printer to do it for us. The likeness is strikingly, if not entirely accurate. It will be noticed that he is blowing very hard, so much so that the photographer became alarmed for his personal safety, fearing that the printer might burst asunder and demolish everything within range, but the printer assured him that he could not blow on Tracy & Son's work too hard. They could stand a great deal of wind, and in that he was right. If our work will not bear examination we would not want it talked about.

## NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

**HARTFORD HOUSE,**  
**L. J. LYON, Propr.**  
**HARTFORD, KY.**

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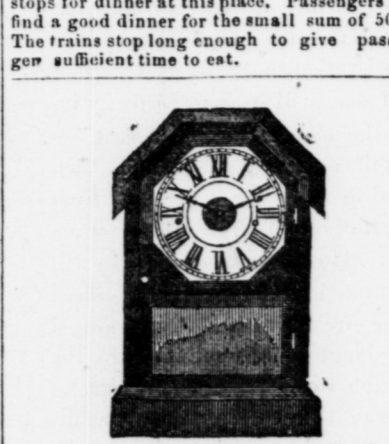
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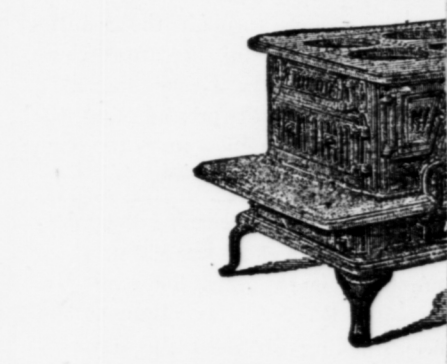
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